



Bangladesh University of Business and Technology (BUBT)

(Outcome-Based Curriculum)

Faculty of Law

LLB (Hons) Program

Course Outline

Part A- Introduction

1. Course Code : LAW1204 (BNQF 04211204)

2. Course Title : Law of Torts and Consumer Protection

3. Course Type : Compulsory

4. Year/Semester : 1st Year, Semester-2

5. Academic Session : Fall 2025

6. Course Teacher's Information

- Name and Code : Subrina Akter
- Designation : Assistant Professor
- Department : Department of Law & Justice
- Contact Details : Cell Phone: 01731016766, Email: subrina.zoha@bubt.edu.bd
- Room Number : Building 01, Room No. 511

7. Pre requisite (If any) : None

8. Credit Value : 4.00 Credit Hours

9. Contact Hours : Class Hours = 17 Weeks = (34 classes x 75 minutes per class
or Total 42.5 hrs+ 17x 50 minutes per class or Total 14.17 hrs)= 56.67 hrs
Counseling Hours = 17 Weeks x 2 Hours per week = 34 Hours
** For optimum utilization of physical resources, the duration of our class weeks are 17 weeks.*

10. Total Marks : 100

11. Class Schedule and Counseling Hours

Intake	Section	Class Schedule			Counseling Hours		
53	2	Day	Time	Room No.	Day	Time	Room No.
		Sunday	09:15 AM to 10:30 AM	B1-508	Sunday	10:30-11:30 AM	B1-511
		Monday	04:00 PM to 05:15 PM	B1-504-B	Monday	10:30-11:30 AM	B1-511
		Wednesday	04:00 PM to 05:15 PM	B1-504-B	Wednesday	11:45-12:45 PM	B1-511

12. Rationale of the Course :

This is a compulsory course of LLB (Hons) program that will increase basic legal knowledge of students regarding Torts, Law of Torts and Tortious Liability. This course will help with the students in succeeding a case or successfully defending a tort action. This module will also provide the basic knowledge regarding consumer rights, their protection and enforcement the mechanism of consumer rights.

13. Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course are as follows:

- To enable the under graduate students to remember and understand the nature, origin, elements of torts, categories of torts etc. , the application and prospective of tort law in Bangladesh.
- To make able the under graduate students to understand how different torts and tortious liability may arise and apply them in similar cases.
- To understand the remedies available for the victim and defenses to be taken by defendants in tort action.
- To enable under graduates to understand consumers' rights and their protection through the study of different principles and statutes and analyze them.
- To analyze and evaluate the theories, principles, statutes and the role of concerned authorities regarding the product safety, liability for consumer protection.

14. Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) and Mapping of CLOs with Program Learning Outcomes (PLOs):

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs):

The expected learning outcomes of this course are as follows:

- State and describe elementary ideas regarding law of tort, its origin, classification, essential elements etc. the application and prospective of tort law in Bangladesh.;
- Explain how different torts and tortious liability may arise giving an in-depth understanding of the nature of tortious liability and solve the relevant problems;
- Discuss the remedies available for the victim and defenses to be taken by defendants in tort action;
- Describe consumers' rights and their protection and examine different principles and statutes upon consumer rights and their protection;
- Contrast and argue the theories, principles, statutes and the role of concerned authorities regarding the product safety, liability for consumer protection.

Program Learning Outcomes (PLOs):

PLO1	Apply the knowledge of evaluation, fundamentals and legal specialization to solve the legal problems;
PLO2	Identify, formulate, research the literature and analyse legal problems and reach substantiated conclusions using provisions of law.
PLO3	Conduct investigations of various legal problems, considering provisions of law, analysis and interpretation of case laws to provide lawful conclusions.
PLO4	Apply reasoning informed by relative knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional manners and etiquette.
PLO5	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics, responsibilities and the norms of the lawyers professional manners and etiquette.
PLO6	Function effectively in the individual law chamber and as a member or leader of particular law chamber or legal work base office/teams as well as in multidisciplinary settings.
PLO7	Communicate effectively about legal issues with the general people and with society at large. Be able to comprehend and write effective opinion, prepare legal documentation, make effective presentations before the court and clients and give and receive clear instructions.
PLO8	Recognize and need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent, life-long learning in the broadest context of legal changes.

Mapping of CLOs with Program Learning Outcomes (PLOs):

Course Learning Outcome (CLOs)	PLO1	PLO2	PLO3	PLO4	PLO5	PLO6	PLO7	PLO8
CLO 1: State and describe elementary ideas regarding law of tort, its origin, classification, essential elements etc, and its application in Bangladesh.;	√			√	√	√	√	√
CLO2: Explain how different torts and tortious liability may arise giving an in-depth understanding of the nature of tortious liability and solve the relevant problems;	√	√		√	√			√
CLO3: Discuss the remedies available for the victim and defenses to be taken by defendants in tort action;	√	√		√		√	√	√
CLO4: Describe consumers' rights and	√		√		√		√	√

their protection and examine different principles and statutes upon consumer rights and their protection;								
CLO5: Contrast and argue the theories, principles, statutes and the role of concerned authorities regarding the product safety, liability for consumer protection.	√		√		√		√	√

Part B

15. Course plan specifying contents, CLOs, teaching-learning and assessment strategy with corresponding CLOs:

Week	Lecture	Topics	Book(s) & Other Reference(s)	Teaching-Learning Strategy	Assessment Strategy	Corresponding CLO (s)
1	1	Introduction to Tort: Definition and origination of Tort, Differences between tort & crime, Tort & Contract, Tort & Trust	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture		CLO1
	2-3	Essential elements of tort/characteristics; Legal Damage; Damnum sine injuria; Injuria Sine Damno; Ashby v. White Case; Gloucester Grammar School Case		Lecture		
2	4	Mental Elements in Tortious Liability, Mens Rea		Lecture		
	5-6	Classification of Tort & relevant maxims; ways of committing tort		Lecture		
3	7-8	Of the Various Torts: Defamation- meaning, definition, classification, Essentials,	The Law of Torts, N.H. Jhabvala	Lecture, Interactive Discussion	Class Test 01	CLO2 CLO3
	9	Innuendo, Defamation-Exception, Defenses, Leading cases	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture, Interactive Discussion		
4	10-11	Of the Various Torts: Trespass- definition, classification (person and property), Elements, trespass <i>ab initio</i>	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia The Law of Torts, N.H. Jhabvala	Lecture		CLO2
	12	Trespass- Exception, Defenses, Leading cases		Lecture		CLO3
5	13-14	Of the Various Torts: Nuisance: -meaning, Nature, Classes of nuisance, essentials of nuisance, and difference between nuisance and trespass.		Lecture, Group Study		CLO2

	15	Defenses of nuisance and leading cases.		Lecture		CLO3
6	16-17	Of the Various Torts: Negligence- meaning, Nature of Negligence, Essentials of Negligence, duty of care, standard of care	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture		CLO2
	18	Res Ipsa Loquitor, Contributory Negligence & Composite Negligence, Leading cases		Lecture		CLO2, CLO3,
7	19-20	Nature of Malicious prosecution, false arrest and false imprisonment, Elements of Proof, Hodges v. Gibson Products Co	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture, Interactive Discussion		CLO2,
	21	Malicious Prosecution and its remedies in Bangladesh	Curbing malicious prosecutions, Shirin Sultana	Lecture		CLO3
Midterm Examination						
8	22	Different tortious liability: Vicarious liability- meaning, ways of arising liability, ratification, relationship and abatement, Leading cases, defenses	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture		CLO2, CLO3
	23-24	Strict and absolute liability- Nature of Strict Liability, principle in Ryland vs. Fletcher Case, Essentials of strict Liability, exception, Defenses, Differences between strict liability & absolute liability, leading cases	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture Group Study		CLO2 CLO3
9	25-26	<i>Scienter</i> rule- general rule, classification of animals, exception, Cattle Trespass etc, leading cases and defenses.	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture	Assignment & Presentation	CLO2, CLO3
	27	Application of Law of Torts in Bangladesh	Development of Tort Law in Bangladesh and Recent Case Decisions, Sadman Rizwan Apurbo	Lecture		CLO1,
10	28-29	Recent case decisions for law of torts in Bangladesh: Katherine Masud vs Md. Kashed Miah and others, Bangladesh Beverage vs Rawshan Akhter, CCB Foundation vs Government of Bangladesh	Development of Tort Law in Bangladesh and Recent Case Decisions, Sadman Rizwan Apurbo	Lecture Group Study		CLO1, CLO5

	30	Duty of Care and Medical Negligence: Definition of Medical Negligence, The negligence test; Medical duty of care; Breach of duty; Case study.	<i>Medical negligence: Coverage of the profession, duties, ethics, case law, and enlightened defense - A legal perspective,</i> M. S. Pandit and Shobha Pandit	Lecture, Group Study		CLO1, CLO2
11	31-32	Duty of Care and Medical Negligence: Snail in the bottle case; McDonald's hot coffee case; five-star hotel case in India; laser eye surgery; transfer of car ownership; Kingfisher told to pay 15000 for dirty water; .	Consumer Protection Law, Ahmduzzaman	Lecture		CLO2, CLO3
	33	Consumer and Consumer Rights: Definition of consumer, Rights of a consumer, Consumer protection and consumer law, goods and services, anti-consumer right practice, complaint, Council,		Lecture, Group Study		CLO4
12	34	Consumer and Consumer Rights: Seller, Buyer, Director General, important aspects of consumer protection, Current status of legal protection to consumers in Bangladesh,	Consumer Protection Law, Ahmduzzaman	Lecture		CLO4,
	35-36	Important aspects of the Consumer Rights Protection Act, 2009- National Consumers' Right Protection Council, Constitution of the District Consumers' Right Protection Committee, Establishment of Directorate, Powers and functions of Director General,		Lecture		CLO4,
13	37-38	Consumer and Consumer Rights- Offences, Punishment, etc, Responsibilities of the consumer; Parties to consumer protection, Trial etc		Lecture		CLO4
	39	Product Safety: Meaning of a safe product, ISO and BSTI, Responsibilities of Producers and Distributors, Obligation Producers.	Consumer Protection Law, Ahmduzzaman	Lecture	Class Test 02	CLO5
14	40-41	Product safety under Consumer Rights Protection Act, 2009. BSTI Ordinance. Product Safety under various laws	Consumer Protection Law, Ahmduzzaman	Lecture		CLO5
	42	Product Safety under various laws		Lecture		CLO5

15	43-44	Product Liability: Meaning of Product liability, Theories of product Liability; Strict Liability; Does Product Liability Make us Safer; The efficient safety reference point; Liability Criteria; Liability and Risk; Trends Innovation and New Product Development; Punitive Damages		Lecture, Interactive Discussion		CLO5
	45	General Defenses: Volenti non fit injuria, plaintiff the wrongdoer, inevitable accident, Act of God,		Lecture		CLO3
16	46	General Defenses: Necessity, Private Defense and statutory authority.	Law of Torts, R. K. Bangia	Lecture, Interactive Discussion		CLO3
	47-48	Damages, Nominal Damages – Nominal, Contemptuous Damages, Compensatory Damages, Aggravated Damages, Punitive Damages, General and Specific Damages, Injunction, Specific restitution of property	The Law of Torts, N.H. Jhabvala	Lecture, Interactive Discussion		CLO3
17	49-50	Revision Class, Attainment of CLOs;		Lecture, Interactive Discussion		CLO2
	51	Brain storming; Idea Generation		Interactive Discussion		
	Final Examination					

Part C

16. Assessment and Evaluation:

a) Assessment Strategy:

- i. Students will have **two class tests (CTs)** during the semester in this course. The date and time of each Class Test will be announced before the tests. All CTs will be closed book.
- ii. The marks of the **two class tests** will be counted and averaged.
- iii. There will be **one assignment** with **presentation**.
- iv. No late submission of any assignment will be accepted.
- v. If students cannot submit their assignments within due time for any valid reason(s), their assignment will be accepted as late submission but the marks of assignment will be deducted.
- vi. Failure to submit assignments will carry Zero Mark(s).
- vii. Evaluated copies of assignments will be shown to the students during the class time.
- viii. Zero tolerance will be shown in case of copy/manipulation in assignment. Two or more copied assignments will carry zero mark.
- ix. Remaining absent in any presentation will carry zero mark in that presentation and there will be no make-up presentation.
- x. There will be one **Midterm Examination** and the **Final Examination** according to the rule of BUBT.
- xi. All the examined scripts of Class Tests and Midterm Examination will be shown to the students during the class time.

b) Marks Distribution:

Marks distribution of each course at BUBT is made on 100 marks and the distribution of weightage is given below:

<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Marks</i>
Class Attendance	05
Class Test	15
Assignment and Presentation	10
Midterm Examination	30
Final Examination	40
<i>Total</i>	<i>100</i>

Marks distribution for class attendance

A student must attend at least 70% classes in all the courses. 5% marks in each course is allocated for attendance and this score will vary from 1 to 5 according to his/her percentage of presence as shown below:

<i>Percentage of Attendance</i>	<i>Marks</i>
91% to 100%	5
86% to 90%	4
81% to 86%	3
76% to 80%	2
70% to 75%	1

c) Grading Policy:

The grading policy of BUBT will be followed to grade the students:

<i>Marks (%)</i>	<i>Letter Grade</i>	<i>Grade Point</i>
80 -100	A+	4.00
75 to less than 80	A	3.75
70 to less than 75	A-	3.50
65 to less than 70	B+	3.25
60 to less than 65	B	3.00
55 to less than 60	B-	2.75
50 to less than 55	C+	2.50
45 to less than 50	C	2.25
40 to less than 45	D	2.00
Less than 40	F	0.00

d) Make-up Procedure:

- If any student remains absent in CT(s) because of valid reason(s), he/she must report it to the course teacher immediately. The course teacher may consider the reason(s) of remaining absent in CT(s) and may give a make-up schedule for that CT(s). No further make-up schedule of CT(s) will be given if a student fails to comply with the earlier make-up schedule.
- If any student fails to attend the Mid-term Examination or and Final Examination for valid reason(s), he/she may apply for supplementary examination(s) **according to the rules of BUBT** and the supplementary examination(s) will be conducted by the Controller of Examination according to the examination rules of BUBT.
- If any student remains absent in any class(es) due to valid reason(s), he/she needs to submit a 'Written Application' to the course teacher supported by proper document(s). After verifying

the submitted documents, the class teacher may grant him/her a 'Leave of Absence' and may consider the attendance for those class(es).

Part D

17. Learning Materials

Recommended Readings:

1. Bangia, R.K. (2012). *Law of Torts*. Allahabad Law Agency.
2. Ahamuduzzaman and Shamsia, Syeda (2020). *Consumer Protection Law*. Law Book Company
3. N. H. Jhabvala, N. H. (2008). *The Law of Torts*. C. Jamnadas & Co.

Supplementary Readings:

1. Nahar, Nurun (2011). *Law of Tort*. Bangladesh Law Book Company.
2. Sultana, Shirin (2017). *Curbing Malicious Prosecution*. *The Daily Star*. Available at: <https://www.thedailystar.net/law-our-rights/law-watch/curbing-malicious-prosecutions-1415980>
3. Sadman Rizwan Apurbo, (2018). *Development of Tort Law in Bangladesh and Recent Case Decisions*. Available at: <https://bdlawdigest.org/tort-law-in-bangladesh.html>
4. M. S. Pandit and Shobha Pandit (2009). *Medical negligence: Coverage of the profession, duties, ethics, case law, and enlightened defense - A legal perspective*. *Indian Journal of Urology*. Available at: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2779963/>

Subrina Akter
Assistant Professor
Department of Law & Justice
Faculty of Law
Bangladesh University of Business and Technology (BUBT)